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Lesson 1 Emperor Penguin
Part 1
                                             *anything「何か (不特定のもの)」
Do you know anything about emperor penguins?
They are the largest penguins on earth. //
                                        *on earth「地球上で」
    <the + 形容詞の最上級>
Some can grow / up to 130 cm (centimeters) tall. // *up to 「~に至るまで」
(=Some emperor penguins)
  *can「~することがあり得る」(可能性・推量)
They have the ability to dive / as deep as 500 meters / and stay under water / for up to 18
                       <as~as「~と同じくらい」>
minutes! //
   *the ability to ~ 「~する能力」
In fact, / their size and ability make them great / enough to be called "emperors," / don't you
                        <make + O + C>「Oを C の状態にする」
think? / /
   *in fact「実際」
   *<形容詞/副詞+ enough to ~> 「~するのに十分に・・・」
   *don't you think?「そう思いませんか」(この文では倒置で文尾に置かれている)
Emperor penguins live in Antarctica. //
They have to live / under life-threatening conditions / such as extreme cold and blizzards. ///
                               Α
                                                             В
  *under「(ある状況・状態・影響など) のもとで」
 *A such as B~「BのようなA」
The temperature there / falls to minus 60 degrees in winter. // *fall to~「~まで下がる」
            (= in Antarctica)
```

In order to survive in such severe conditions, / they have developed unique and fascinating behaviors, / which are very instructive to us. /

(=, and they are very instructive to us.)

*in order to ~ 「~するために(目的)」

Part 2

Emperor penguins like collective behavior. //

You often see them moving in a group / on TV. // *in a group (= in groups) 「群れをなして」 <see (知覚動詞) + $O+\sim$ ing> 「O が \sim しているのを見る」

In fact, / this behavior is important for <u>them</u> to survive. // 意味上の主語(= emperor penguins)

For instance, / they can catch food well / when they work together in cooperation. /
*for instance (= for example) *in cooperation 「協力して」

They also behave collectively / \underline{to} survive the freezing cold in Antarctica. / ~するために

When the temperature is **less than** minus 10 degrees, / they do "huddling." // *less than ~ 「~より少ない」

All the penguins begin to **get close to** each other / and huddle together. //
*get close to ~「~に接近する」

They **warm** themselves **up** / like *oshikuramanju*. / *warm ~ up 「~を温める」

They rotate, / [moving **from** the outside of the huddle **to** the inside, / to take turns warming up].

// A

B

[分詞構文(付帯状況)「~しながら」] *from A to B 「A から B へ」

This behavior is peculiar to emperor penguins. //

*be peculiar to~「~に特有である」



Part 3

In the society of emperor penguins, / the male penguins keep the eggs warm. //

$$<$$
keep + \boxed{O} + $\boxed{C}>$ 「 \boxed{O} を \boxed{C} の状態にしておく」

After the females lay their eggs, / they go out to sea / \underline{to} get food for their future babies / and do not return for weeks. // \sim \dagger 3 \hbar & ϵ

*lay an egg「卵を産む」

*go out to~「~~出かけていく」

*for weeks「何週間も」

The males, / on the other hand, / stay behind / and keep the eggs warm alone / for nine weeks / without eating anything. //

*on the other hand「一方では」

*stay behind「あとに残る」

*without ~ing「~しないで」

After the eggs hatch, /

the male penguins give their babies / a nutritious white liquid / called "penguin milk." //

O1

O2

~と呼ばれる(後置修飾)

<give + O1 + O2>「O1 に O2 を与える」

They **squeeze** it **out of** their bodies / <u>to</u> feed the babies. //

~するために

*squeeze~out of... 「~を...から絞り出す」

When the female penguins return $\underline{\text{with}}$ food, / the males can $\underline{\text{at last go}}$ / and $\underline{\text{get}}$ their own food.

~を持って

go and do「~しに行く」

*at last「ついに、やっと」

//

However, / <u>some</u> males do not reach the sea / because they have **used up** all their strength. // <Some <> 「中には<のものもいる」 *use up < 「<を使い果たす」

They literally **sacrifice themselves** / to **bring up** their babies. //

*sacrifice oneself「自分自身を犠牲にする」

*bring up「~を育てる」

Part 4

Have you ever **heard of** the phrase / "the first penguin?" //

*hear of ~ 「~のことを聞く」

It is the penguin / which dives into the sea first / to get food. //

(=The first penguin)

最初に

*dive into ~ 「~(の中に)飛び込む」

You may have seen penguins hesitating / to dive off the edge of an ice field / into the sea. //

O

<may + have + 過去分詞>「~した[だった]かもしれない」

<see + O + \sim ing>「O が \sim しているのを見る」

*dive off~「~から飛び込む」

They are afraid of predators / like seals and killer whales in the sea. //

~のような

*be afraid of ~「~を恐れている」

However, / eventually one brave penguin will dive into the sea. //

一匹の

The other hundreds of penguins will follow / after they confirm / it is alive. //

そのほかの

あとに続く

(= one brave penguin)

*hundreds of ~ 「何百もの」

In **English speaking** countries, / "the first penguin" means "a person / who **tries out** new things without fear." /

*English speaking「英語圏の」

*try out ~ 「~を試してみる」

What do you think of the emperor penguins' unique behaviors? //

*What do you think of~「あなたは~をどう思いますか」

(\times How do you think of \sim)

I am sure / you love penguins even more now, / don't you? //

より一層

付加疑問

*be sure (that) ~ 「~を確信している」

